# Final Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund Intended Use Plan and Project Priority List

# State Fiscal Year 2009

#### MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

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# MONTANA WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATE REVOLVING FUND SFY 2009 INTENDED USE PLAN

#### I. INTRODUCTION

The State of Montana proposes to adopt the following Intended Use Plan (IUP) for state fiscal year 2009 as required under Section 606 of the Clean Water Act.

The primary purpose of the IUP is to identify the proposed annual intended use of the federal and state funds available to the Montana Water Pollution Control State Revolving Fund (WPCSRF). Federal dollars appropriated in one year are available for use in the next year (i.e. the FFY 2008 appropriation is available in FFY 2009). The State match will be raised through the sale of general obligation bonds as the need for funds arises. The draft IUP will be reviewed by the public and the final version will reflect the results of this review.

The IUP includes the following:

- I. Introduction
- II. List of Projects
- III. Order of Funding
- IV. Uses of the Revolving Fund
- V. Goals and Objectives
- VI. Activities to be Supported
- VII. Assurances and Specific Proposals
- VIII. Criteria and Method for Distribution of Funds
- IX. Subsidies to Disadvantaged Communities
- X. Public Comment, Amending IUP, State Commitment of Funds

#### II. LIST OF PROJECTS

The WPCSRF program is intended to provide low interest loans for the planning, design and construction of water pollution control projects. A complete list of any and all eligible projects that are considered possible candidates for assistance from the WPCSRF program at this time can be found in **Attachment 1**, the Project Priority List (PPL).

Those projects with proposed binding commitment dates occurring within the next two upcoming state fiscal years are considered active and viable projects. A binding commitment will be in the form of a written agreement between the State of Montana and a borrower describing the project and indicating the amount of the loan and the time at which the funds will be made available. The binding commitment obligates the State to make the loan and the borrower to receive the proceeds and repay, as per specified terms.

#### III. ORDER OF FUNDING

WPCSRF funds will be administered on a first-come, first-served basis. As demand for the money increases, the following factors will be considered when the project is ranked by the State:

Need for and benefit to be derived by the project as determined by the annual project priority list. In FFY 1999 Montana developed and implemented a new watershed approach project priority list ranking system. In SFY 2002, Montana made a few modifications to the ranking system. Changes were made to the activity-specific category, and the available points in the readiness category were doubled. This will allow projects that are ready for construction to move higher on the list.

The ranking criteria were modified in SFY2006. The criteria and number of points assigned to a proposed project for its effectiveness in improving water quality have been changed to simplify the ranking process and to provide a level of consistency. Beneficial uses, for which water quality standards and TMDLs are based, are still considered in the ranking process. Additional criteria were added to the 'Activity-Specific' section pertaining to non-point source projects in an effort to better break down the individual water quality

benefits associated with the proposed project. In an effort to direct more SRF funds toward projects that effectively improve water quality, 25 additional priority points have been added to projects designed to meet watershed TMDLs. Also, points assigned toward refinancing existing long-term debt have been limited to 10 total points per project in an effort to direct more funds toward active projects that provide direct benefit to water quality.

- 2. Ability of the municipality or private concern to finance the project, with and without loan assistance (See Section IX).
- 3. Amount of financial assistance available from the revolving fund and the cumulative amount of funds requested by other applicants.

#### IV. USES OF THE WATER POLLUTION CONTROL STATE REVOLVING FUND

The WPCSRF may be used to:

- 1. Provide low interest loans to municipalities for wastewater treatment systems, new interceptors, collectors, and appurtenances, infiltration/inflow correction, sewer system rehabilitation, correction of combined sewer overflows, and construction of new storm sewers and detention basins. The low interest loans can be made for up to 100 percent of the total project cost. As of the beginning of FY09, approximately \$248.3 million in loans have been made to communities in Montana. Each of these loans has had a total loan interest rate of 4% or less. Program interest rates will be evaluated and set annually;
- 2. Refinance qualifying debt obligations for water pollution control facilities if the debt was incurred and construction initiated after March 7, 1985. As of the beginning of FY09 approximately \$11.9 million of debt has been refinanced through this program;
- 3. Guarantee or purchase insurance for local debt obligations. As of the beginning of FY09, no loans have been made for this purpose;
- 4. Provide a source of revenue or security for general obligation bonds, the proceeds of which are deposited in the revolving fund. There is a 1% loan loss reserve surcharge included as part of the 3.75% interest rate for loans not qualifying for a hardship. The use of the surcharge is to pay principal and interest on state G.O. Bonds if the Debt Service Account is insufficient to make payments. This is to secure \$25.49 million in State General Obligation Bonds. The excess over the required reserve has periodically been transferred to the principal account to make loans. In FY09 it is anticipated that approximately \$1 million in excess loan loss reserve funds will be transferred to the principal account.
- 5. Provide loan guarantees for similar revolving funds established by municipalities. As of the beginning of FY09, no loans have been made for this purpose;
- 6. Finance non-point source pollution control (Section 319) implementation projects or programs. As of the beginning of FY09, approximately \$38.12 million has been loaned out for these types of projects;
- 7. Earn interest on program fund accounts. At the beginning of FY09, cash flow analysis demonstrates this program will continue to be a strong source of loan funds after the federal grants are terminated. Interest income to date has been used to pay off program G.O. Bond debt. The cumulative interest earned in the program on investments is \$8.1 million through the end of SFY08.
- 8. Pay reasonable administrative costs of the WPCSRF program not to exceed four (4) percent (or the maximum amount allowed under the federal act) of all federal grants awarded to the fund. In addition to using WPCSRF funds for administration, each loan has a 0.75% administrative surcharge included in the 3.75% interest rate. These fees are not considered part of the loan principal. The reserve generated from this loan surcharge will be used for WPCSRF administration costs not covered by the EPA grants after

capitalization grants cease and pay for administration of projects that use recycled funds. As of the beginning of FY09, there was approximately \$500,000 available for this purpose. Capitalization grants are approved by Congress every year and EPA is currently projecting WPCSRF funding through FFY11. However, if needed, these administrative funds could be transferred to the principal account and used to make loans. In SFY09, it is anticipated that approximately \$460,000 in administrative surcharge funds will be transferred to the principal account.

The special administrative fees collected through loan repayments can be broken down into two categories. If the fees are repaid from first-round funds during the grant period (i.e., from capitalization grants that are still open) the uses of these fee funds will be limited to either SRF program administration or transfers to the principal account, as indicated above. However, fees repaid from loans made from capitalization grants that have been closed or from recycled funds may be used for other purposes as long as those uses are consistent with the federal Clean Water Act, this Intended Use Plan, the Operating Agreement between DEQ and EPA, or the Trust Indenture and DEQ and DNRC rules and laws governing the WPCSRF program.

For the purpose of segregating the two types of funds, the following projects will be deemed to be funded with the FFY06 grant (no loan funds have yet to be drawn from the FFY07 grant, therefore, there are not expected to be repayments from loans made from that grant in SFY09):

Three Forks Collection Project
Ronan UV System Project
East Helena Collection Project
Laurel Collection Project
Bigfork Headworks Project
Upper/Lower River Rd II Collection Project
Lewis and Clark Co. Woodlawn Project

The special administrative fee collected from these combined projects in SFY09 is expected to be approximately \$36,700. The total special administrative fees expected to be collected in SFY09 are approximately \$1.1 million. Therefore, approximately \$1,063,000 could be used for Clean Water Act-related purposes other than SRF administration. However, it is anticipated that about \$400,000 will be required for SRF administration, \$460,000 will be transferred to the principal account and \$200,000 will be used for Clean Water Act-related purposes as indicated below.

The WPCSRF program will be expanded in SFY09 to include the addition of another wastewater treatment operations specialist to assist communities and other public systems in optimizing treatment and bringing them into compliance with the Water Quality and Public Water Supply Acts. Additionally, some funds are expected to be set aside for advanced training for staff and operators to help promote optimization of wastewater treatment throughout Montana. These costs will be funded using special administration fee money generated by the current administrative fees charged for each loan. Special administration fees are also expected to be used for partial funding of a wetland specialist to provide outreach, technical assistance and education for conservation and protection of natural wetlands. The total annual cost of the operations specialist, training and the wetland specialist is expected to be approximately \$200,000.

A determination of which projects are selected from the PPL, the amount of assistance, and financing terms and conditions, will be made by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC).

Due to recent significant population growth in Montana and the expansion of water and sewer services to accommodate that growth, both the WPCSRF and Drinking Water SRF programs have modified the existing growth policy to clarify the eligibility of certain types of projects directly associated with growth. Specifically, with regard to wastewater systems, new wastewater collection lines that serve areas that are not at least 50% occupied are not eligible for WPCSRF funding.

At the Governor's discretion, the state may transfer up to 33 percent of its Drinking Water SRF capitalization grant to the WPCSRF or an equal amount from the WPCSRF to the Drinking Water SRF. Transfers could not occur until at least one year after receipt of the first DWSRF capitalization grant, which was June 30, 1999. This transfer authority was effective thru fiscal year 2001. One-year extensions of this transfer authority were granted through the Appropriation Bill for fiscal years 2002-2007. Another one-year extension was granted with the FY08 appropriation bill. In addition to transferring grant funds, States can also transfer state match, investment earnings, or principal and interest repayments between SRF programs.

Table 1 itemizes the amount of funds that have been transferred to and from the WPCSRF program. There will be a \$5 million transfer of capitalization grant funds from the DWSRF to the WPCSRF in SFY2009. The anticipated transfer is shown in bold in Table 1.

Table 1 - Amounts Available to Transfer between State Revolving Fund Programs

Year	Transaction Description	Banked Transfer Ceiling	Transferred from CWSRF to DWSRF	Transferred from DWSRF to CWSRF	DWSRF Funds Available for Transfer	CWSRF Funds Available for Transfer
1997	DW Grant Award	\$4,892,646			\$4,892,646	\$4,892,646
1998	DW Grant Award	7,242,675			7,242,675	7,242,675
1999	DW Grant Award	9,705,729			9,705,729	9,705,729
2000	DW Grant Award	12,265,539			12,265,539	12,265,539
2000	Transfer (2 <sup>nd</sup> Rnd \$)	12,265,539	4,750,328	-0-	17,015,867	7,515,211
2001	DW Grant Award	14,835,942			19,586,270	10,085,614
2001	Transfer (2 <sup>nd</sup> Rnd \$)	14,835,942	4,032,158	-0-	23,618,428	6,053,456
2002	DW Grant Award	17,493,267			26,275,753	8,710,781
2004	DW Grant Award	20,134,608			28,917,094	11,352,122
2004	Transfer (2 <sup>nd</sup> Rnd \$)	20,134,608	-0-	2,559,810	26,357,284	13,911,932
2005	Transfer (2 <sup>nd</sup> Rnd \$)	20,134,608	-0-	2,570,403	23,786,881	16,482,335
2005	Transfer (2 <sup>nd</sup> Rnd \$)	20,134,608	-0-	1,000,000	22,786,881	17,482,335
2005	DW Grant Awards	25,608,821			28,261,094	22,956,548
2006	Transfer (1st Rnd \$)		-0-	5,000,000	23,261,094	27,956,548
2006	DW Grant Award	28,324,490	-	-	25,976,763	30,672,217
2007	DW Grant Award	31,040,060	-	-	28,692,333	33,387,787
2008	Transfer (2 <sup>nd</sup> Rnd \$)		2,500,000		31,192,333	30,887,787
2008	DW Grant Award	33,728,240			33,880,513	33,575,967
2009	Transfer (1st Rnd \$)			5,000,000	28,880,513	38,575,967

#### V. GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Long-Term Goal and Objectives

The long-term goal of the WPCSRF is to maintain, restore and enhance the chemical, physical and biological integrity of the State's waters for the benefit of the overall environment and the protection of public health.

Objectives:

- 1. Provide affordable financial assistance for eligible applicants concurrent with the objective of maintaining a long-term, self-sustaining State revolving fund program; and
- 2. Fulfill the requirements of pertinent federal, state and local laws and regulations governing water pollution control activities, while providing the state and local project sponsors with maximum flexibility and decision-making authority regarding such activities.

#### Short-Term Goal and Objectives

The short-term goals of the WPCSRF are to continue to preserve and improve the quality of the State's waters (surface and groundwater), to meet the wastewater treatment needs of the state, and to eliminate any public health hazards related to the discharge of inadequately treated wastewater. As an estimated measure of the environmental benefits attained through funding of water pollution control projects, the WPCSRF program will continue to complete an environmental benefits spreadsheet for each project during SFY09.

#### Objectives:

- 1. Maintain and promote the WPCSRF program, which provides low interest financing (up to 100 percent loans) for water pollution control projects; provide approximately ten new loans in SFY09;
- 2. Ensure the technical integrity of WPCSRF projects through the review of planning, design plans and specifications, construction activities and development of a sound operation and maintenance program;
- 3. Ensure compliance with all pertinent federal, state and local water pollution control laws and regulations;
- 4. Obtain optimum turnover of the funds for the State in the shortest reasonable time; fund eligible NPS projects;
- 5. Simplify the administrative and regulatory requirements of the program, without sacrificing project quality, to make the financial assistance readily accessible; coordinate on a regular basis with DNRC and financial consultants to consider ways to improve the program and optimize use of resources; and
- 6. Apply for all available appropriated federal funds contingent upon federal legislation.

#### VI. INFORMATION ON THE ACTIVITIES TO BE SUPPORTED

The primary type of assistance to be provided by the WPCSRF is expected to be loans. The State plans on reserving an amount equal to four (4) percent of the federal capitalization grant for administrative expenses. On a more limited basis, the State may provide funds for refinancing existing debt, guarantee or buy insurance for local debt obligations, or leverage bond issues.

From the WPCSRF, these types of assistance will be provided to local communities, sanitary sewer districts, counties, eligible private persons, or other sub-governmental units recognized under Montana statutes for the construction of publicly-owned wastewater treatment facilities or non-point source water pollution control projects.

#### VII. ASSURANCES AND SPECIFIC PROPOSALS

The State will assure compliance with the following sections of the law in the State/EPA Operating Agreement, of which this document is a part. In addition, the State has developed specific proposals for implementation of those assurances in the rules promulgated by the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) and the Montana Board of Natural Resources (DNRC).

- Section 602(a) Environmental Reviews The State of Montana certifies that it will conduct environmental reviews of each project receiving assistance from the WPCSRF. Montana will follow EPA approved, NEPA-like procedures in conjunction with such environmental reviews.
- Section 602(b)(3) Binding Commitments The State of Montana certifies that it will enter into binding commitments equal to at least 120 percent of each quarterly grant payment within one year after receipt.
- Section 602(b) (4) Timely Expenditures The State of Montana certifies that it will expend all funds in the WPCSRF in an expeditious and timely manner.
- Section 602(b)(6) Compliance with Title II Requirements The State of Montana certifies that the applicable Title II requirements listed under this section will be satisfied in the same manner as projects constructed under Title II of the Clean Water Act.

#### VIII. CRITERIA AND METHOD FOR DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS

WPCSRF funds will be distributed using the methods and criteria for eligible activities described in the WPCSRF program rules that have been adopted by the DEQ and DNRC. As previously described, WPCSRF funds will be allocated on a first-come, first-served basis until demand for funds exceeds available supply. At that time, funds will be distributed in accordance with the procedure developed in the DEQ Administrative Rules. This procedure considers ranking on the Priority List, readiness of the project to proceed, and impacts of the project to the WPCSRF. Loan terms and interest rates will be determined in accordance with the Administrative Rules adopted by the DNRC. The WPCSRF program may choose to limit the maximum amount of any loan if the demand for loan funds exceeds the availability of funds. Interest rates must be established to generate sufficient revenues to allow the State to make the principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds sold to generate the State match. Ability to repay the loan will also be considered when establishing loan terms. The types of financial assistance provided by the WPCSRF will initially be based on the applicant's request. It is anticipated that the majority of assistance will be provided in the form of direct loans.

#### IX. SUBSIDIES TO DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES

Communities seeking a WPCSRF loan that meet the disadvantaged criterion listed below may receive an additional subsidy on their WPCSRF loans, beyond the standard below-market rate financing. This includes communities that will meet the disadvantaged criterion based on projected rates as a result of the project.

A community is considered economically disadvantaged when its combined monthly water and wastewater system rates are greater than or equal to 2.3% of the community's Median Household Income (MHI). If the community has only a wastewater system, the percentage is 0.9% of the community's MHI. These percentages are consistent with affordability requirements of other state funding agencies in Montana. The water and sewer rates used for this calculation include new and existing debt service and required coverage, new and existing operation and maintenance charges, and depreciation and replacement of equipment.

To assist these economically disadvantaged communities, the WPCSRF loan program will provide to qualifying communities a 1.0% interest rate reduction. The total amount of reduced interest rate loans that the WPCSRF will issue under any single capitalization grant will be limited to 20% of that capitalization grant beginning in FFY 1998. This measure is taken to ensure that the corpus of the WPCSRF fund will be maintained and the program will be able to operate in perpetuity.

while still providing some additional assistance to economically disadvantaged communities. The maximum loan amount is \$500,000.

In an effort to provide additional assistance to disadvantaged communities, the WPCSRF program will offer extended finance terms to qualifying communities. The extended loan terms allow qualifying communities up to 30 years to repay the loan. Loan terms cannot extend past the useful life of the improvements to be funded, therefore, it is expected that eligible projects will be limited to new collection system piping and appurtenances. It is anticipated that, in SFY2009, the town of Sheridan will receive extended term financing on its collections system improvements. The WPCSRF program reserves the right to limit extended term financing at any time in order to ensure the perpetuity of the fund. An evaluation of the funding baseline for the program will be evaluated annually to ensure the historic annual baseline established to date (\$12,753,710) per EPA is continually met.

## X. PUBLIC COMMENT, AMENDING IUP, STATE FINANCIAL COMMITMENT

- <u>Public Review and Comment</u> One public hearing will be held on Wednesday, June 11, 2009 in Helena to discuss the SFY 2009 PPL and to allow public comment on the draft IUP. Public notice concerning the PPL and IUP will be available to the public.
- Amending the IUP A simple addition to the PPL and IUP will be allowed after notification has been provided to affected projects (if any) already on the list. If a project scheduled to receive loan assistance within the year is displaced by the addition of a new project, a formal public hearing will be held to allow comment on the modifications to the PPL and IUP.
- State Financial Commitment The 1989 Montana Legislature passed House Bill 601, entitled the Wastewater Treatment Revolving Fund Act, which was subsequently signed into law by the Governor. The Act created the new program, established administrative procedures and allowed for a sale of state general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed ten million dollars. The 1995 Montana Legislature passed House Bill 493, which was subsequently signed into law by the Governor. Among the State Financial Commitments - The 1989 Montana Legislature passed House Bill 601 titled the Wastewater Treatment Revolving Fund Act, which was subsequently signed into law by the Governor. The Act created the new program, established administrative procedures and allowed for a sale of state general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed ten million dollars. The 1995 Montana Legislature passed House Bill 493, which was subsequently signed into law by the Governor. Among other things, the Act allowed for the sale of state general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed an additional five million dollars. The 1999 Montana Legislature passed House Bill 110, which gives the WPCSRF an additional fifteen million dollars in general obligation-bonding authority. The 2003 Montana legislature passed House bill 46, which gives the WPCSRF an additional ten million dollars in general obligationbonding authority. The combined bonding authority provided by these four bills furnishes the WPCSRF with forty million dollars in state general obligation bond authority, which provides enough funds to match all federal appropriations (1989-2006) that have been awarded to the program to date, as well as excess bond authority for potential future federal appropriations. In 2005 with HB142, the Legislative session allowed the Bond authority to be up to \$40 million in outstanding bonds. The State held its first bond sale in 1991. In June of 1996 Montana held its second and third bond sales to provide State match funds for projects scheduled to proceed in FFY 1997. In March of 1998 a fourth bond sale was held to provide State match for projects scheduled to proceed in FFY 1998 and 1999. In March of 2000 a fifth bond sale was held to provide State match for projects scheduled to proceed in FFY 2000 and 2001. In June 2001 a sixth bond sale was held to provide match for projects scheduled to proceed in 2002 and 2003. In June of 2003 a sixth bond sale was held to provide match for projects projected to proceed in 2003. In April of 2004 a seventh bond sale was held to provide match for projects projected to proceed in 2004. An eighth bond sale was held in April of 2005 to provide state match for proposed projects to proceed in 2005. A ninth bond sale will be held in December, 2009, to provide match for projects projected for 2009

# **Attachment 1**

# **MONTANA**

# WPCSRF Project Priority List State Fiscal Year 2009

Rank	Project	EPAID	Ranking Total	Project Description	Amount	Commit Date
1	Bigfork WWTP (Phase I)	C301202	385	II	\$2,025,000.00	May-07
2	Kalispell WWTP07	C302211	365	II, IVA, IVB	\$14,470,000.00	Dec-06
3	Lewis & Clark Co Fairgrounds/Woodlawn	C302192	326	IVA, IVB	\$50,000.00	Aug-05
4	Billings-Briarwood Sanitary Sewer Main Ext	C301206	290	IVA	\$4,800,000.00	Jan-06
5	Cascade Co Upper and Lower River Road (Ph II)	C302171	290	I, IVA	\$115,000.00	Jan-08
6	Butte WWTP - BNR	C301193	285	II	\$10,000,000.00	Dec-10
7	Dodson, Town of	C304155	284	I, IVB	\$240,000.00	Feb-05
8	Bozeman WWTP	C303105	281	1	\$20,000,000.00	Jul-08
9	Manhattan WWTP	C301087	276	I, IIIB	\$4,357,000.00	May-07
10	St. Ignatius WWTP	C301183	274	I, IIIB	\$500,000.00	Jul-09
11	Whitehall, Town of	C303190	270	I, IIIA	\$1,800,000.00	Dec-10
12	Jordan, Town of	C304143	266	I, IIIB	\$492,000.00	Dec-10
13	Big Sky WWTP Improvement Phase II	C301184	262	II, IVA	\$13,000,000.00	Sep-02
14	Big Sandy WWTP	C303194	261	I, IIA	\$832,338.00	Mar-09
15	Livingston (WWTP)	C303181	258	I, II	\$155,000.00	Dec-10
16	Ennis WWTP/SCS	C301185	256	I, IVA	\$1,386,000.00	Nov-04
17	Superior, Town of	C303184	256	I, IVA	\$800,000.00	May-04
18	Hamilton WWTP	C301214	251	I, II, IIIA	\$1,742,000.00	Apr-08
19	Bainville WWTP Upgrades	C301221	248	I, IIIA	\$153,608.00	Jul-08
20	Bigfork-Mayport Harbor Sewer Extension	C302205	242	IVA	\$130,000.00	Jan-06
21	Anaconda - West Valley	C302193	240	IVA	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
22	Missoula - Broadway & Birch	C302196	240	IVA, IVB	\$1,400,000.00	Aug-05
23	Missoula, Lincolnwood II	C302199	240	IVA	\$860,000.00	Apr-06
24	Custer Water and Sewer District	C303188	238	I, IIIA	\$120,000.00	Mar-09
25	Malta	C301197	234	1	\$3,500,000.00	Jul-08
26	Three Forks I&I Reduction	C304203	233	IIIA	\$1,300,000.00	Dec-08
27	DNRC NPS Projects	C307175	230	VIIA, VIIE	\$2,000,000.00	Dec-08
28	Rudyard Water and Sewer District	C304153	228	IIIB	\$83,000.00	Jul-10
29	Conrad WWTP	C301189	223	I	\$2,500,000.00	Aug-08
30	Ekalaka Collection	C302206	222	IIIB	\$200,000.00	Jul-09
31	Fort Benton Storm Sewer	C305173	216	VIID, V	\$778,000.00	Jun-07
32	Lolo WWTP (Phase II) Missoula County	C301215	207	I, II	\$1,500,000.00	Jul-10
33	Glasgow WWTF Upgrade	C304147	192	I, IIIB	\$1,063,000.00	Aug-05
34	Missoula Co Wye	C302189	190	IVA, IVB	\$10,390,000.00	Apr-08
35	Seeley Lake Sewer	C303187	190	I, IVA, IVB	\$1,800,000.00	Jul-10
36	Hebgen Basin/West Yellowstone Refuse District	C307173	187	VIIE	\$4,136,000.00	Dec-01
37	Saltese Water & Sewer District	C303189	186	I, IVA, IVB	\$560,000.00	Aug-10
38	Columbia Falls Treatment	C301200	185	II	\$1,500,000.00	Dec-10
39	Agricultural BMP's	C307174	180	VIIA, VIIE	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
40	Dutton-WW System	C301224	180	I	\$500,000.00	May-09

Rank	Project	EPAID	Ranking Total	Project Description	Amount	Commit Date
41	Plains	C303153	178	I, IVA	\$100,000.00	Dec-10
42	Havre WWTP	C301053	176	I, II	\$2,000,000.00	Dec-10
43	Greater Woods Bay W&SD	C303191	174	II, IVA	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
44	Southside Townhomes Sewer Project	C302212	174	IVA, IVB	\$500,000.00	Sep-10
45	Bigfork WWTP (Phase II)	C303196	170	II	\$5,900,000.00	Jul-09
46	Lockwood Sewer System (Phase I)	C303110	170	I, IVA	\$10,000,000.00	Sep-10
47	Drummond	C304154	165	IIIA	\$240,000.00	Aug-09
48	Whitefish WWTP (II)	C301217	161	II	\$848,000.00	Oct-07
49	Lewis & Clark County WWTP/SCS	C302030	160	I, IVA, IVB	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
50	(Helena Valley) North Baker-Fallon Co. W&S District	C302024	160	IVA, IVB	\$910,000.00	Aug-10
51	Circle, Town of	C301196	157	I, IIIB	\$1,200,000.00	May-09
52	Missoula - Rattlesnake Collectors	C302213	150	IVA	\$5,000,000.00	Jul-09
53	Ronan WW Improvements	C302218	146	I, II, IIIa	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
54	Twin Bridges, Town of	C301204	144	IIIB	\$800,000.00	Dec-10
55	Meadowlark Water and Sewer District	C302178	142	IVA, IVB	\$250,000.00	Dec-10
56	Cabinet Height Sewer - Libby	C302190	140	IVA, IVB	\$2,500,000.00	Jul-10
57	Conservation Easement - General	C307178	136	VIIA	\$2,000,000.00	Aug-10
58	Philipsburg, Town of	C302207	136	I,II, III, IVA	\$3,000,000.00	Dec-10
59	Columbia Falls Collection	C302188	132	IVA	\$100,000.00	Jul-09
60	Whitefish Interceptor and I/I	C302047	132	IIIA, IVB	\$2,000,000.00	Dec-10
61	Dayton Sewer District	C303180	130	I, IVA, IVB	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
62	Gardiner-Park Co. W&W Dist WWSI	C301226	128	I, IIIB	\$250,000.00	Jan-10
63	Phase I Three Forks WWTP	C301220	128	I, III	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
64	Sun Prairie Village Co Water and Sewer	C301195	126	I, IIIA	\$84,000.00	Aug-10
65	District Laurel WWTP	C303195	124	I, IIIB	\$3,550,000.00	Mar-09
66	Helena NPS, City of	C307182	122	VIIJ	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
67	Shelby WW System Improvements	C301225	122	I, IIIA	\$2,473,000.00	Jul-10
68	Absarokee	C301198	120	ĺ	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
69	Bridger Pines	C303183	120	1	\$2,000,000.00	Aug-09
70	Flathead CoBigfork Storm Water	C307189	120	VI	\$776,000.00	Jul-09
71	Deer Lodge Collection and Treatment	C301209	118	I, II, IVA	\$6,300,000.00	Jul-11
72	Glendive NPS Project	C307183	118	VIIE	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
73	Joliet, Town of	C304151	118	I, IIIB	\$500,000.00	Jul-11
74	Lodge Grass	C301074	118	ĺ	\$300,000.00	Dec-11
75	Wibaux, Town of	C301201	118	1	\$500,000.00	Jul-09
76	Boulder WW Improvements	C304204	116	I, IIA, IIIB	\$2,000,000.00	Aug-10
77	Stevensville WWTF Upgrade	C301106	116	IIA, IVA	\$2,600,000.00	Oct-10
78	Treasure State Acres Sewer District	C301158	114	1	\$650,000.00	Aug-10
79	Winifred WWTP	C303193	114	I, IIIA	\$150,000.00	Jan-09
80	Livingston Collection	C306121	113	IIIB	\$1,911,000.00	May-05
81	Fairfield	C301127	112	I, IIIB	\$532,000.00	Jun-10
82	Sheridan	C301160	112	I, IIIA	\$500,000.00	Dec-09
83	Libby, City of	C303151	110	I, IVA	\$3,100,000.00	Aug-10
84	Missoula - West Mullan Collectors	C302077	110	IVA	\$400,000.00	Aug-10
85	Hebgen Lake Estates	C301220	106	I	\$1,283,000.00	Jun-11
86	Choteau WWTP Upgrade	C303097	104	I	\$1,500,000.00	Dec-10
87	Polson Stormwater System Improvements	C306119	102	VIID	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
88	Fort Benton Collection	C304156	100	VI	\$200,000.00	Aug-09

Rank	Project	EPAID	Ranking	Project	Amount	Commit
			Total	Description		Date
89	Hardin, City of (Phase II)	C303186	100	I, IIIB, IVA	\$3,400,000.00	Jan-10
90	Missoula - NPS - Open Space, City of	C307180	100	VIID	\$1,000,000.00	Jul-10
91	Culbertson, Town of	C301137	98	I, IVA	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
92	Virginia City, Town of, (Phase II - Collection)	C302216	98	III, A	\$138,000.00	Jun-09
93	Helena -Harris Street Stormdrain	C307187	96	VIID	\$1,394,500.00	Dec-10
94	Billings Water & Sewer Rehab 2009	C304159	95	IVA, IVB	\$2,000,000.00	Aug-08
95	Harlowton WWTP Improvements (II)	C301213	91	1	\$100,000.00	Jul-10
96	Colstrip, City of	C301216	88	I, IIIB	\$100,000.00	Dec-09
97	Black Eagle Water District - Collection	C302185	87	IIIB	\$200,000.00	Dec-10
98	Ennis Collection	C304157	86	IIIA	\$200,000.00	Aug-11
99	Billings Water and Sewer Rehab 2008	C302214	85	IVA, IVB	\$3,500,000.00	Aug-08
100	Gildford Co W&S Dist	C301227	84	I, V	\$500,000.00	Jan-09
101	Laurel Storm Sewer	C305175	84	VIID	\$1,300,000.00	Jul-08
102	Lewis & Clark County NPS Project #1	C307176	82	VIIE	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
103	Polson Collection	C302200	79	IIIA, IVA	\$1,500,000.00	Sep-10
104	Crow Agency Tribal Owner Utility	C304152	78	IIIB, I	\$1,500,000.00	Sep-08
105	Fort Smith W&S Dist Upgrades	C301218	78	1	\$250,000.00	Jan-10
106	Ramsay Water & Sewer District	C301207	78	1	\$200,000.00	Aug-10
107	Yellowtail W&SD WWTF Upgrades	C301219	78	1	\$2,500,000.00	Jul-10
108	Ennis Storm Sewer	C305174	76	VIID	\$750,000.00	Aug-10
109	Ravalli County	C302191	76	IVA, IVB	\$350,000.00	Aug-09
110	Westshore-Lake Co Water and Sewer District	C302075	70	IVA	\$1,000,000.00	Dec-10
111	Baker, City of	C302186	69	IVA	\$800,000.00	Dec-10
112	Evergreen Co Water and Sewer District	C303185	67	I, IVA, IVB	\$10,000,000.00	Dec-10
113	Forsyth, City of	C304142	67	IIIB	\$800,000.00	Jul-10
114	Choteau I/I Reduction	C304160	59	IIIA	\$500,000.00	Dec-10
115	Martinsdale	C303046	55	I, IVA, IVB	\$900,000.00	Dec-10
116	Bainville I/I Correction	C304158	10	IIIA	\$296,000.00	Jul-08
117	Havre Hwy2 - W&S Improvements	C301223	10	IIIB, VI, IIIA	\$3,211,000.00	Apr-07
118	Lewis & Clark County NPS Project #2	C307181	10	VIIJ	\$800,000.00	Oct-10

# PROJECT DESCRIPTION CATEGORIES

I	Secondary Treatment	VIID	NPS Urban Runoff
II	Advanced Treatment	VIIE	NPS Ground Water
IIIA	Infiltration/Inflow Correction	VIIF	NPS Marinas
IIIB	Major Sewer System Rehabilitation	VIIG	NPS Resource Extension
IVA	New Collectors & Appurtenances	VIIH	NPS Brownfields
IVB	New Interceptors & Appurtenances	VII-I	NPS Storage Tanks
V	Correction of Combined Sewer Overflows	VIIJ	NPS Sanitary Landfills
VI	Stormwater Control	VIIK	NPS Hydromodification
VIIA	NPS Agric. (Cropland)	VIII	<b>Confined Animals-Point</b>
			Source
VIIB	NPS Agric. (Animals)	IX	Mining-Point Source
VIIC	NPS Silviculture		-

# ATTACHMENT II PROGRAM FUNDING STATUS MONTANA WPCSRF PROGRAM

## **FISCAL YEARS 1990 TO 2008**

Capitalization Grants State Match	\$123,610,065 \$ 24,722,013	
Overmatch from RIT, C.O.I. fees, investments, LLS.	\$ 25,490,155	
Program Administration Allowance	(\$4,944,026)	
Available to Loan	\$168,878,207	
Principal Repayments and Interest as of May 20, 2008 Transfers to DWSRF (principal repayments) Transfers from DWSRF (direct capitalization grants) Funds Available to Loan Through FY08	\$ 76,932,511 (\$ 5,152,273) \$ 5,000,000	<u>\$245,658,445</u>
FISCAL YEAR 2008		
Anticipated Capitalization Grants (FY	Y08)\$ 3,274,300	
Anticipated State Match		
- Normal G.O. Bond match	\$ 654,860	
- Additional G.O. Bond Match	\$ 00 \$ 1,000,000	
<ul> <li>Estimated Loan Loss Surcharge (LLS)</li> <li>Program Administration Allowance</li> </ul>	(\$ 130,972)	
Anticipated Principal Repayments and Interest (FY08)	\$10,000,000	
Anticipated Overmatch (RIT or other)	\$ 10,000	
Anticipated transfers from special administration Acct.		
Available to Loan FY08		<u>\$15,808,188</u>
Total Funds Dedicated to Loan		\$261,146,633
Loans committed as of May 20, 2008		(\$253,514,851)
Funds available for Loans in SFY09		\$ 7,951,782
Amount of Estimated Loans Identified on Attachment 1 Fiscal year 2009 Intended Use Plan	of	\$133,959,946*

<sup>\*</sup>Includes current active loans and those projects identified as potentially committing within the next two state fiscal years.